

Insights Into The Migration Of Humpback Whales In The North Pacific Ocean From Satellite Telemetry

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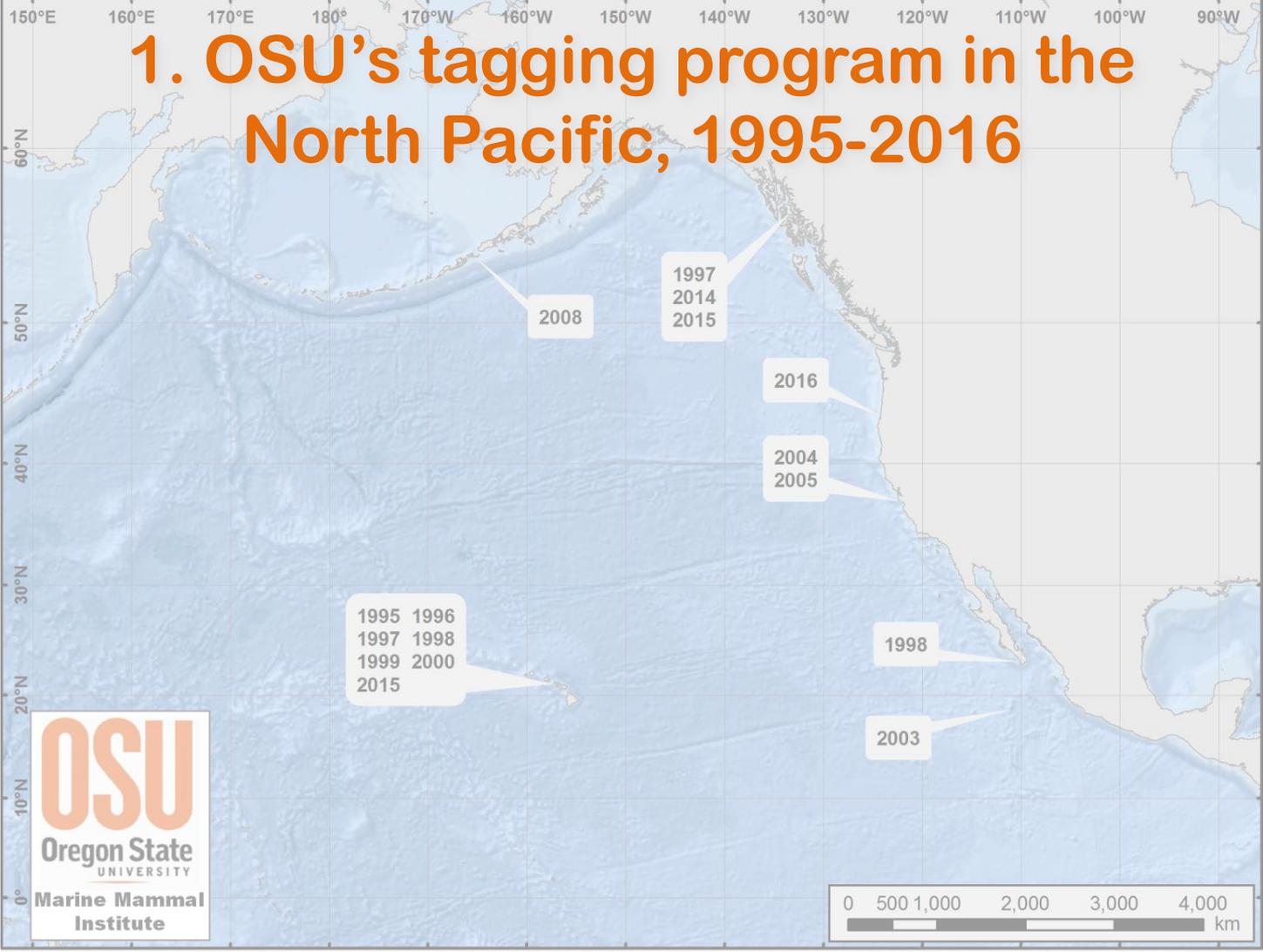
#SMM2017 @danielequs of @OregonState

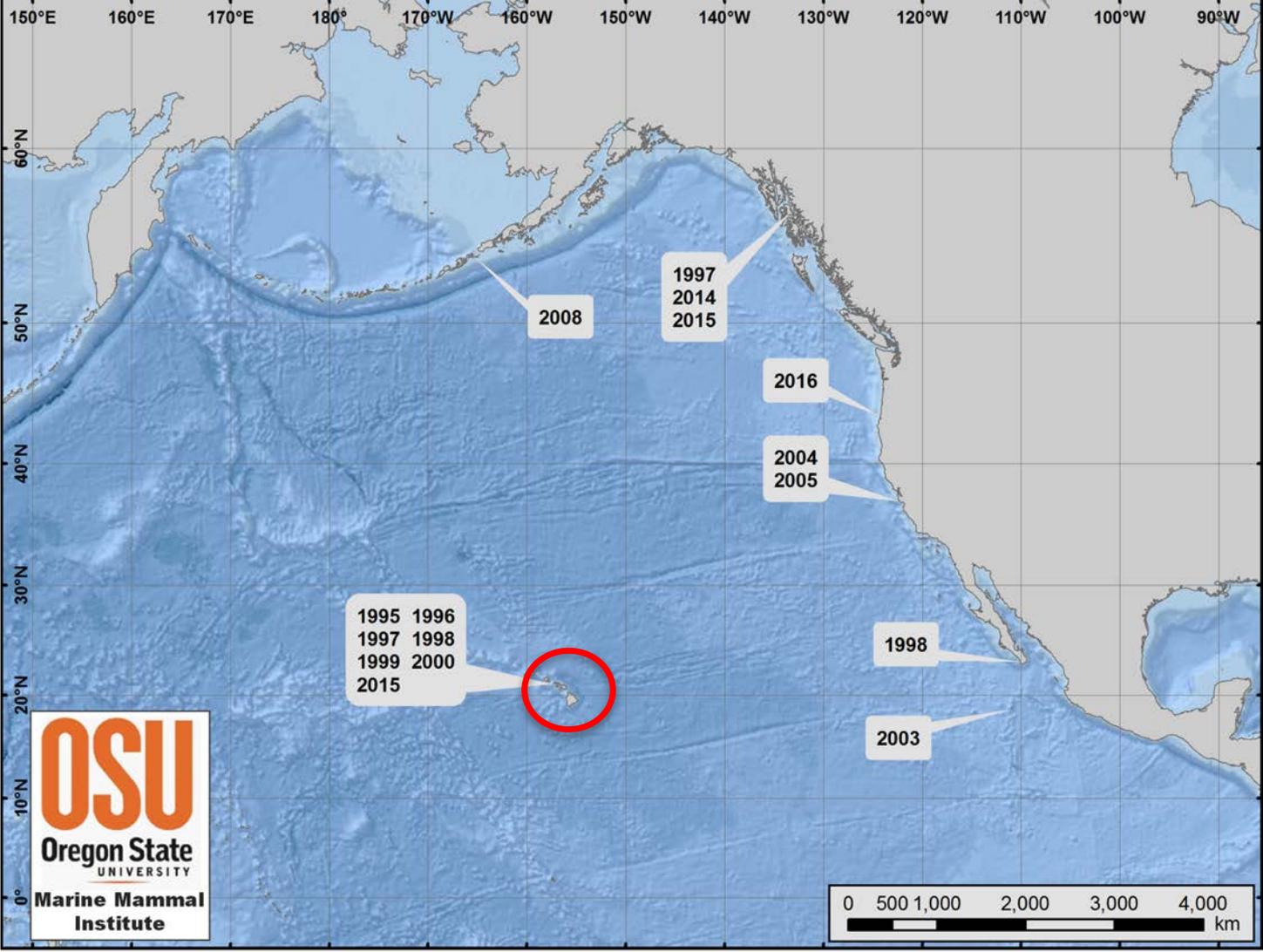
OUTLINE

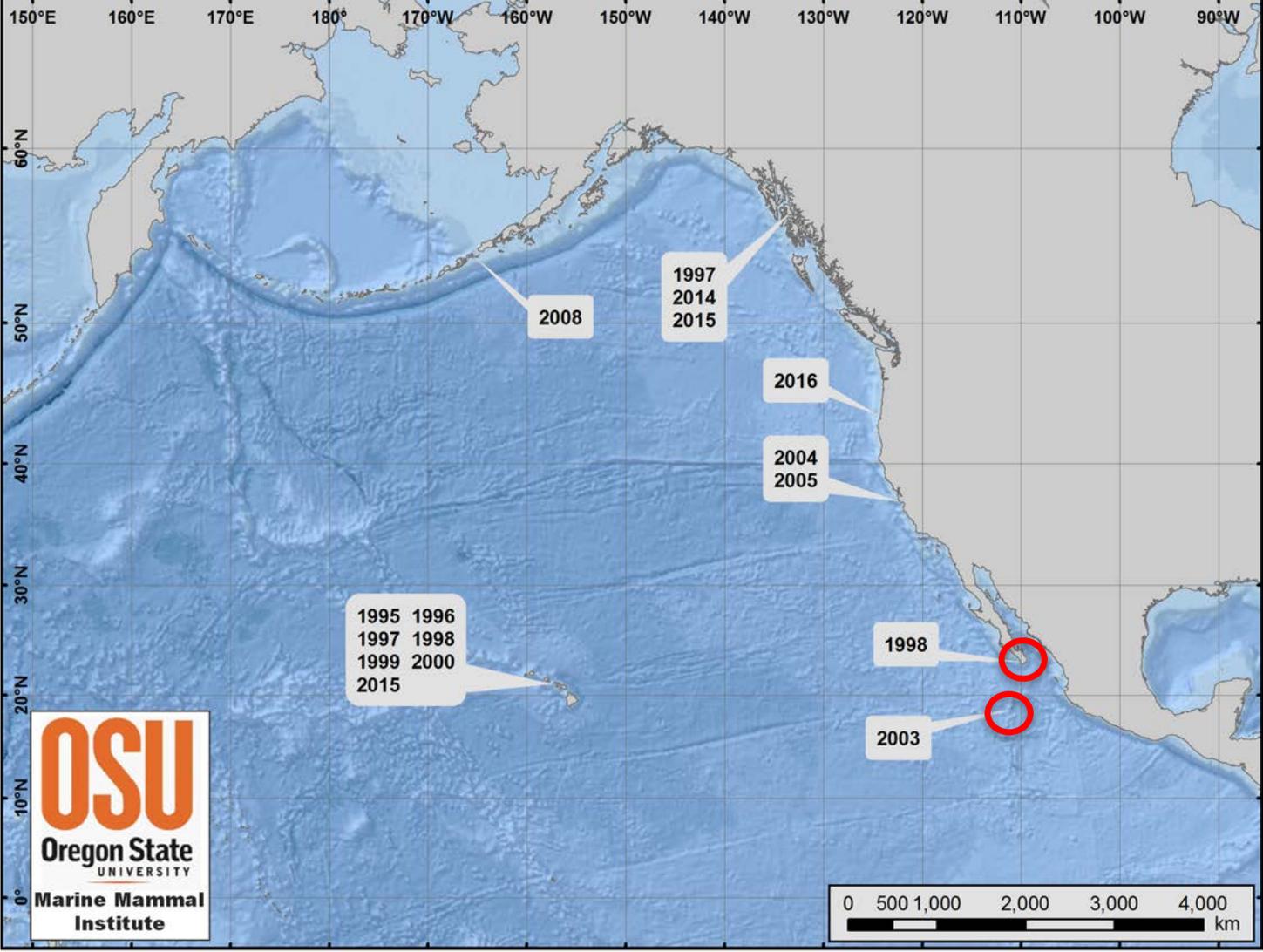
1. Overview of OSU's tagging program in the North Pacific
2. Phases of migration
3. Residency in breeding & feeding areas
4. Connectivity (ESA, IWC, MiCO)
5. Future: behavior monitoring tags, orientation in flows, ...

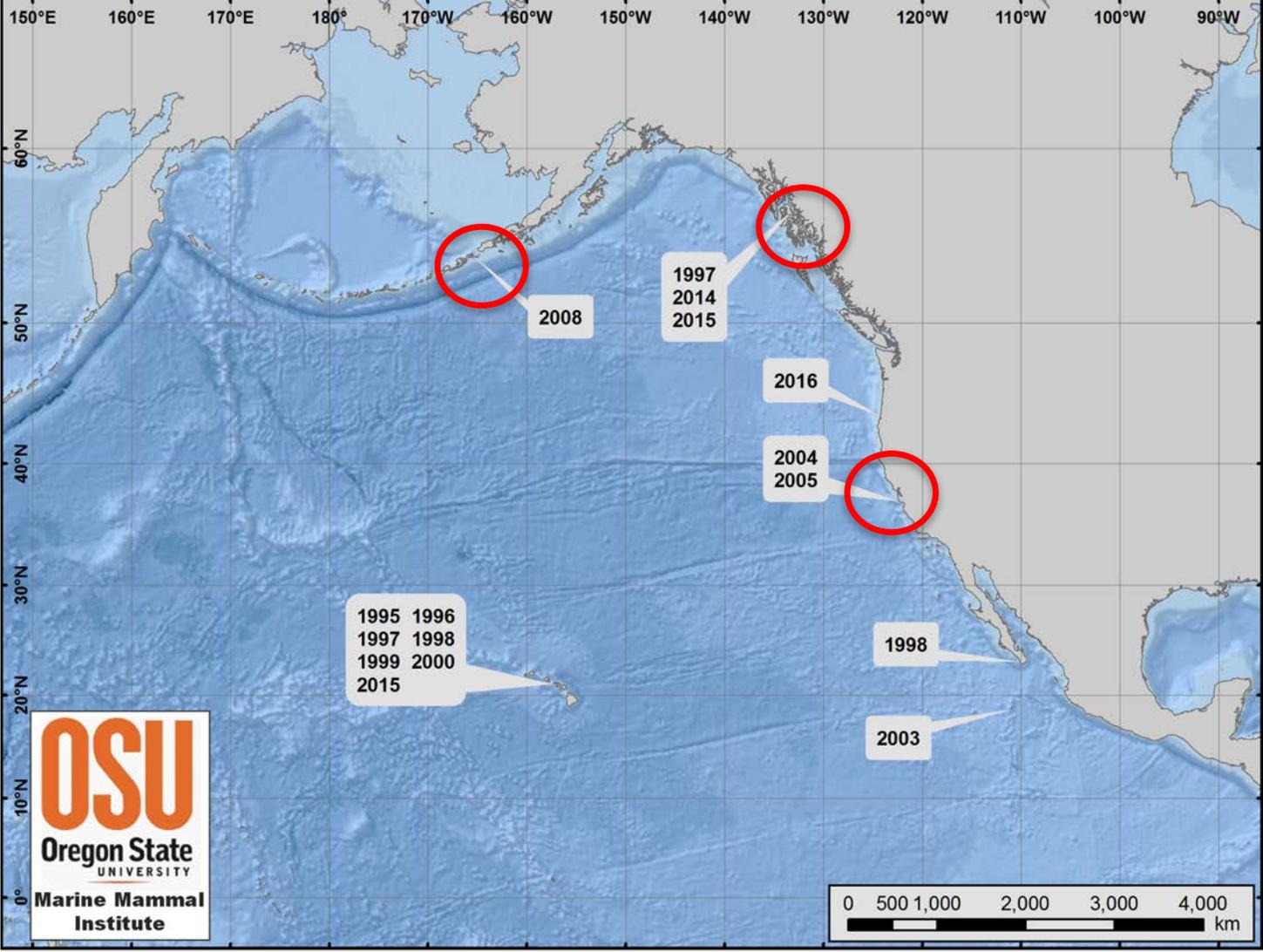


1. OSU's tagging program in the North Pacific, 1995-2016









Hawaii, USA (n=78)
Southeast Alaska (n=47)
Central California, USA (n=15)
Revillagigedo Islands, MX (n=11)
Cabo San Lucas, MX (n=7)
Aleutian Islands, USA (n=5)
Central Oregon, USA (n=2)

Total = 165



1995 1996
1997 1998
1999 2000
2015

1997
2014
2015

2016

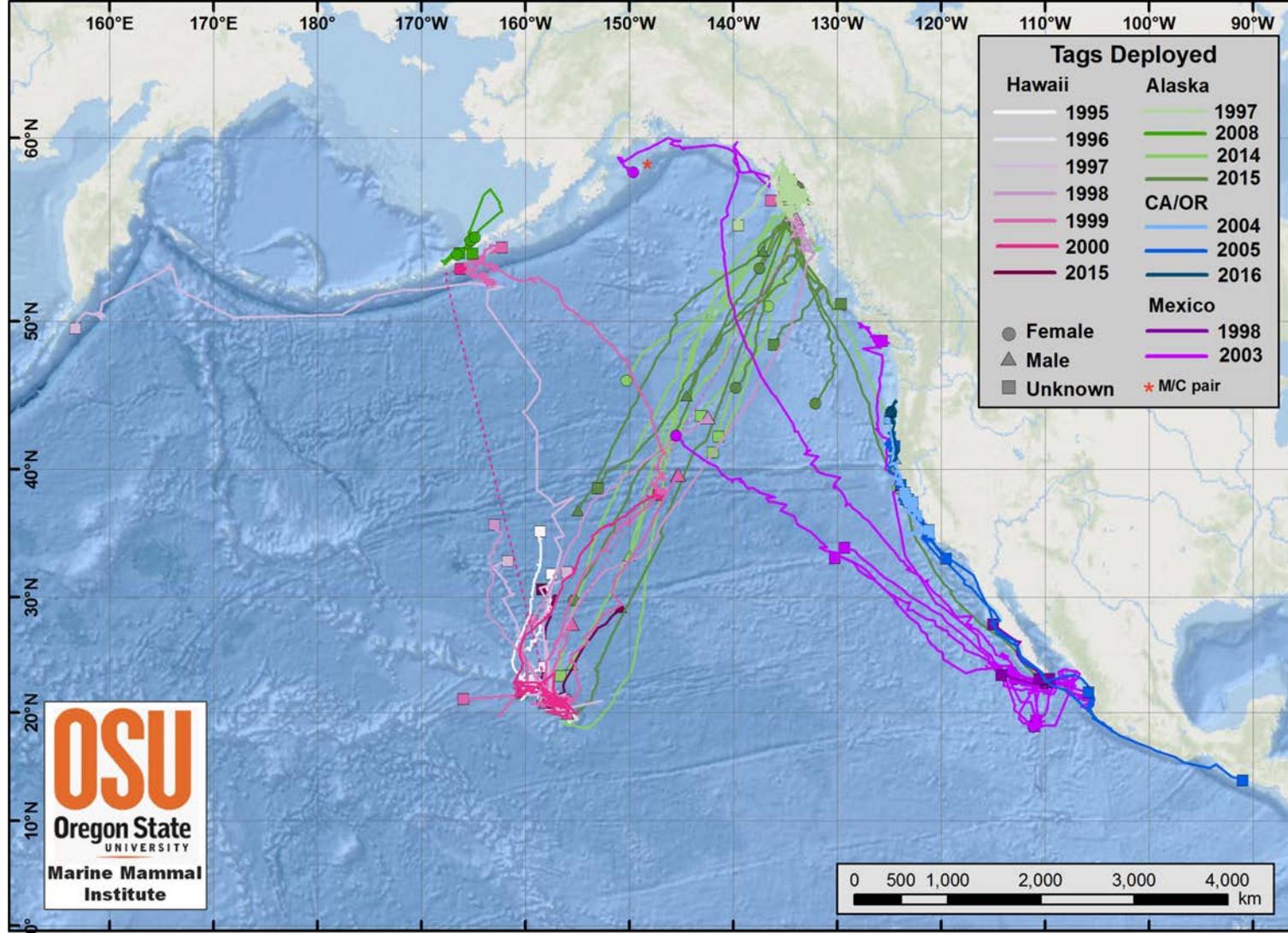
2004
2005

1998

2003

2008





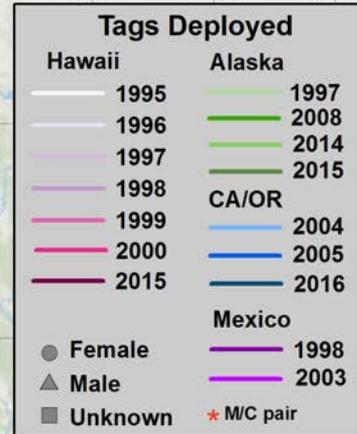
The evolution of satellite-monitored radio tags for large whales: One laboratory's experience

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Deep-Sea Research II, 2007



Tracking summary

- All tracks (1995-2016): n = 165
- Deployed in both breeding and feeding areas

>1 locs:	147	tags	89%
>7d:	110.0	tags	66%
>30d:	43.0	tags	26%
Complete migrations:	12		7%
Almost migrations:	2		
Incomplete tracks:	152		
Longest:	178.1	d	
Females:	33		
Males:	41		
Unknowns:	92		
Total days:	4,575.5	d	
Total distance	263,619.0	km	

[Earth–Moon distance: 385,000 km]

2. Migration phases

Argos location pre-processing:

- Remove duplicates
- Remove points on land: GSHHS
- Orbit redundancy: 20 min
- Tracks with > 1 loc
- Speed filter: 14 km/hr
- Interval bet. locs: < 1 d
- Distance bet. locs. < 120 km

Tags: 130

Total: 8535 locs

4 tagging areas: AK, CA/OR, HI, MX

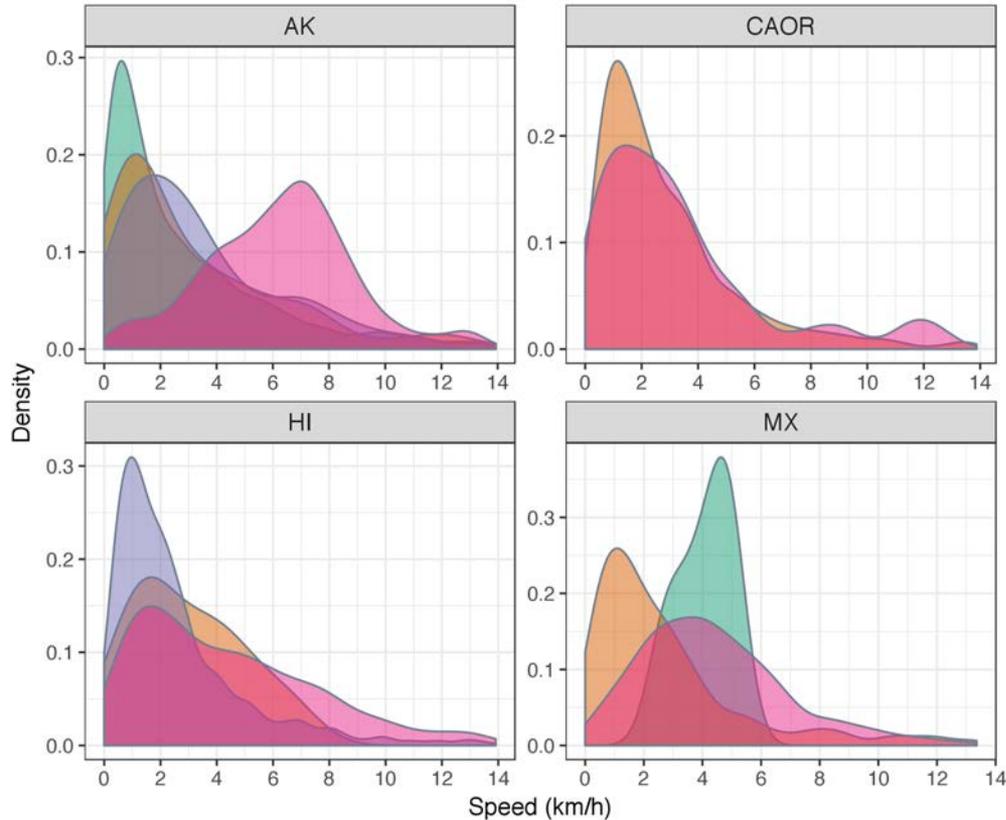
2. Migration phases

Behavioral & buffer assignment:

- S-SSM classification to identify transition between resident and migrating behavior
- 50-km land buffer:
 - Outside
 - Inside
 - SEAK
 - HI

- Travel speeds during feeding, breeding, and migration
- Minimum residency in HI & SEAK

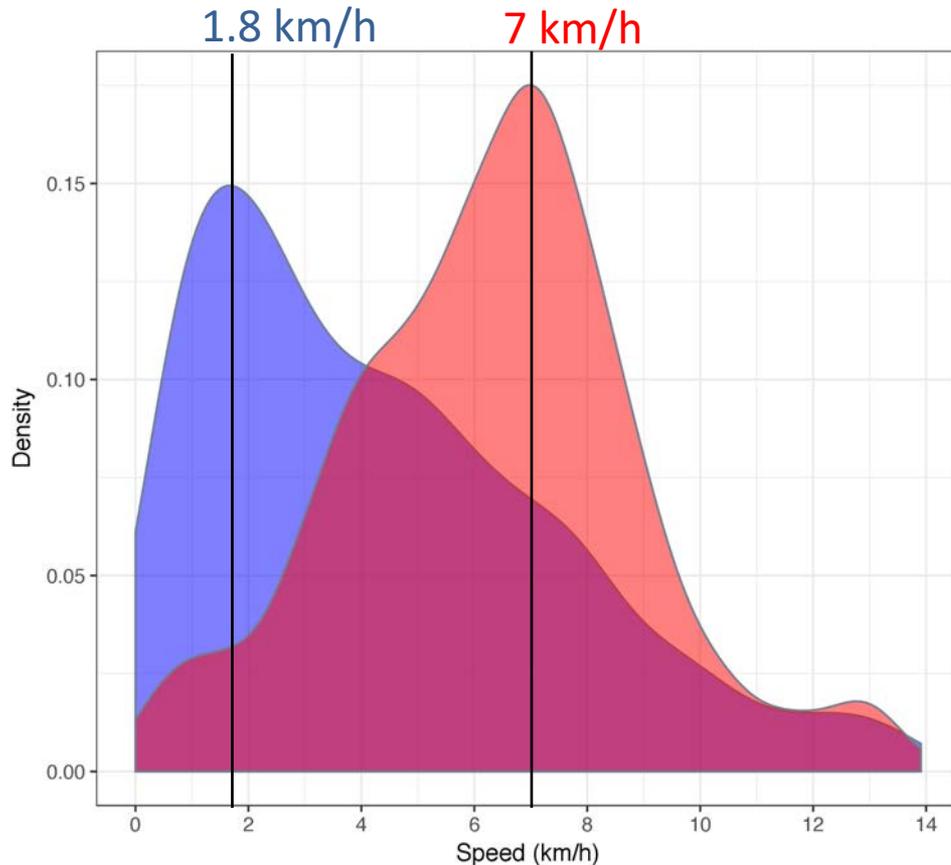
2. Migration phases



Phase	Out	In	SEAK	HI
N	3627	3765	2983	1352
Avg. speed (km/h)	5.18	2.91	2.80	2.69
Med. speed (km/h)	5.02	2.05	1.69	1.96



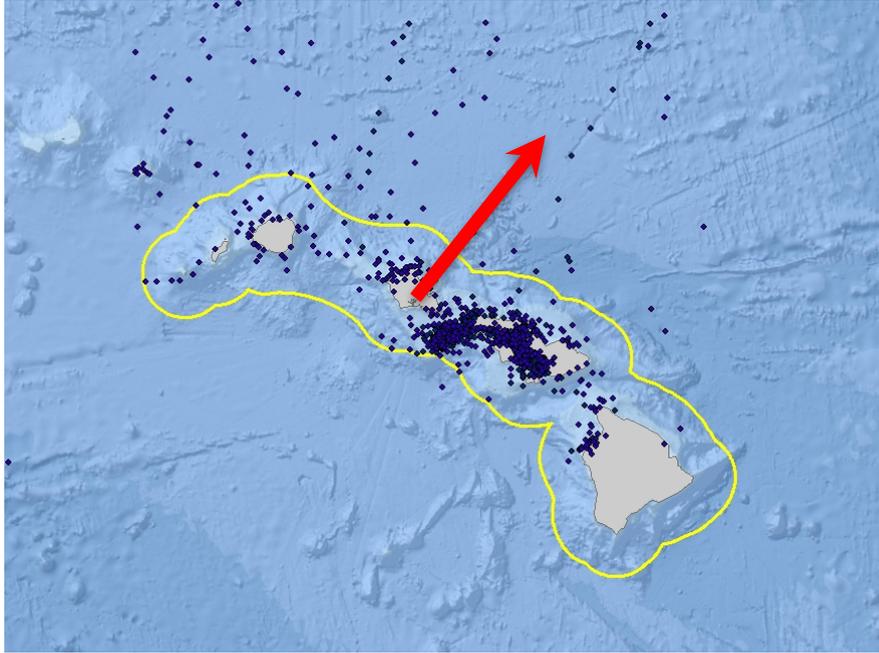
2. Migration phases



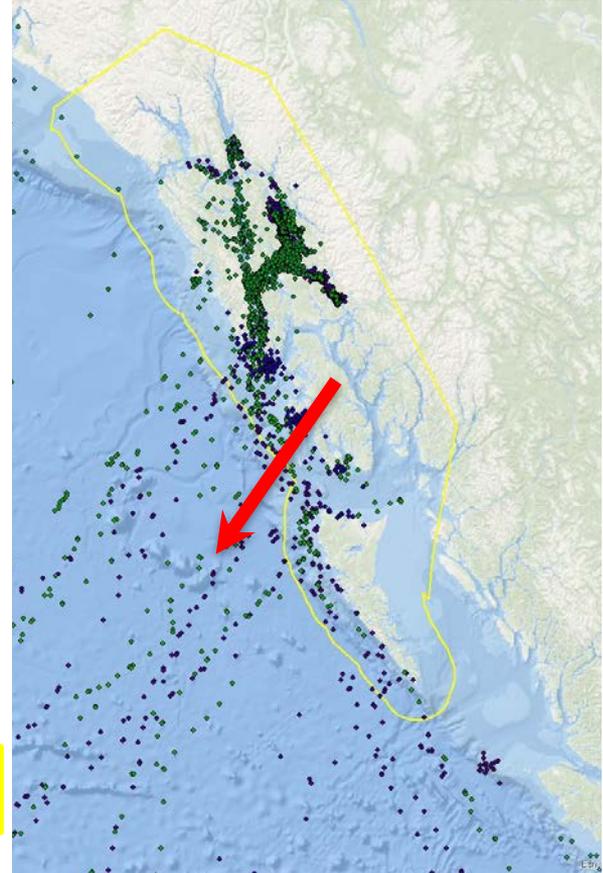
Phase	Sbound	Nbound
N	1483	685
Avg. speed (km/h)	6.28	4.38
Med. speed (km/h)	6.41	3.70

HI-SEAK migration: 27-50 d (35 d)
HI-Aleutians-Kamckatka: 70-81 d

3. Residency in HI & SEAK



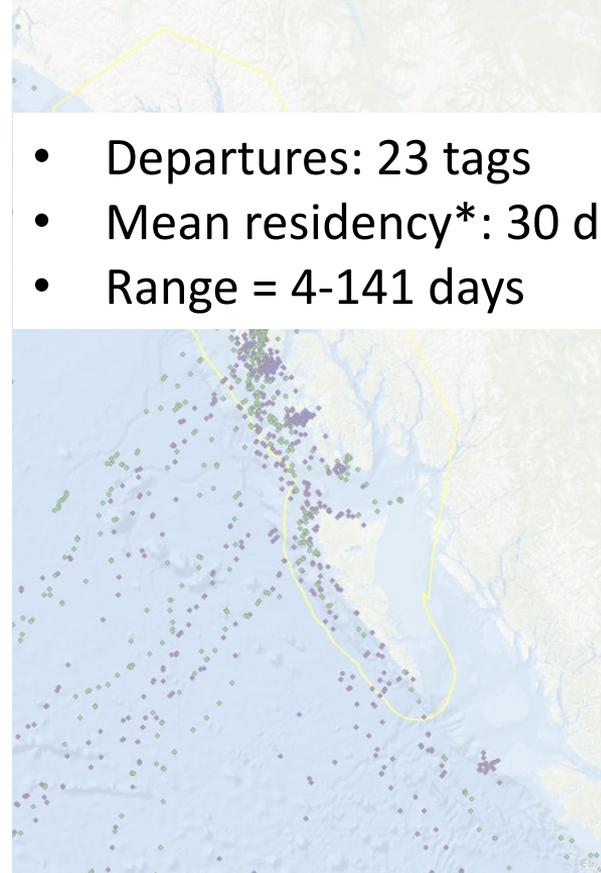
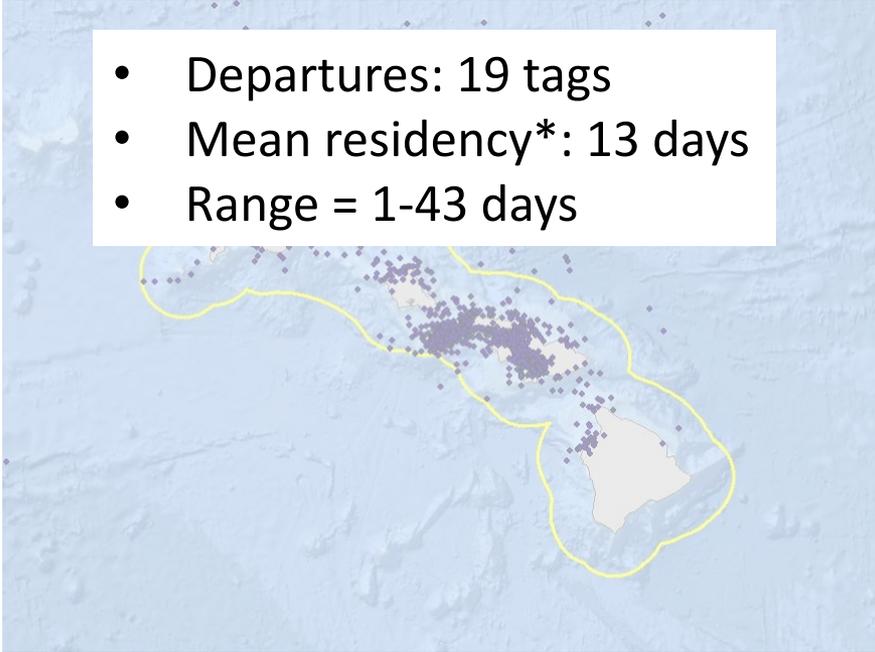
50-km buffer



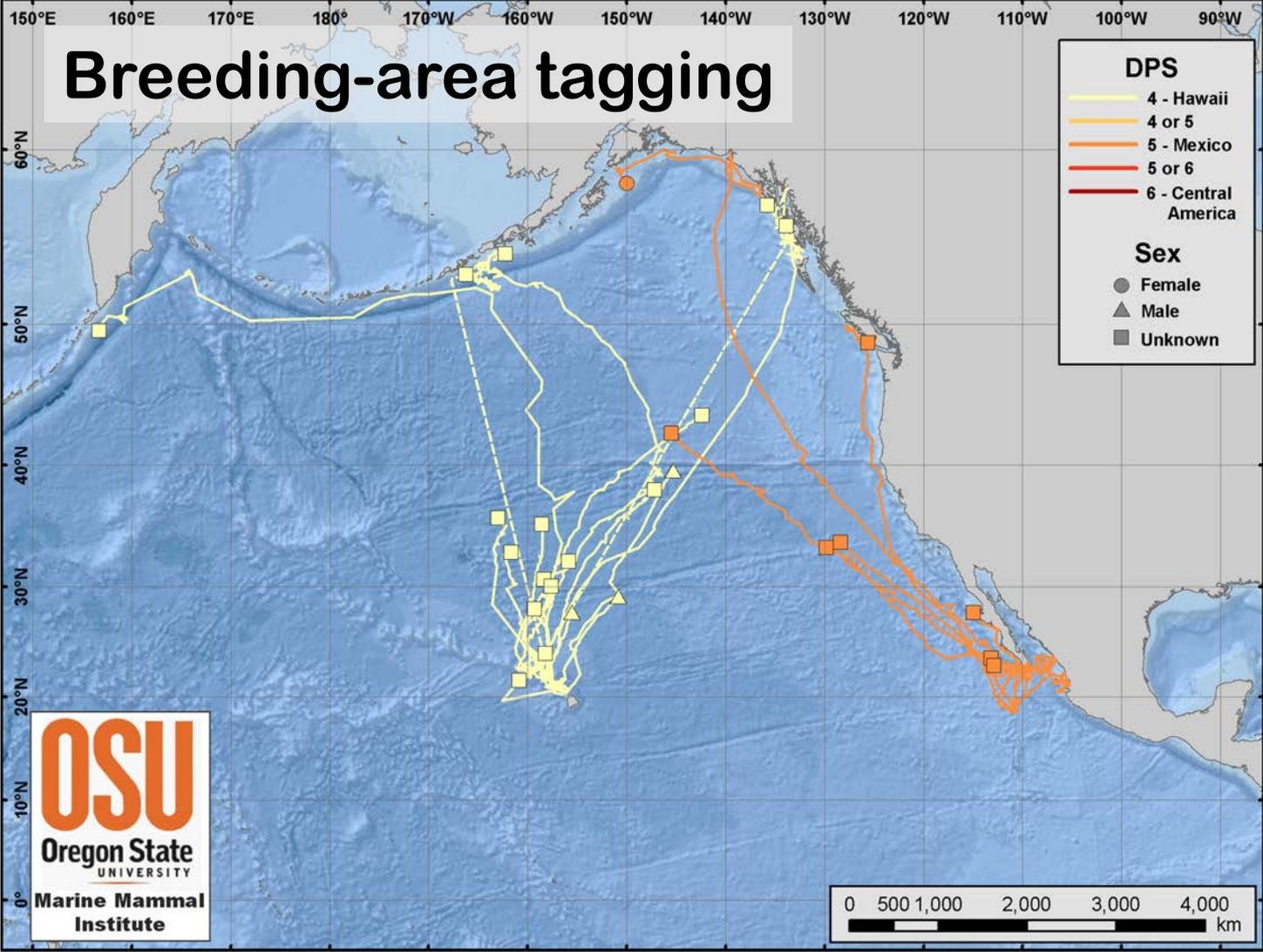
3. Residency in HI & SEAK

- Departures: 19 tags
- Mean residency*: 13 days
- Range = 1-43 days

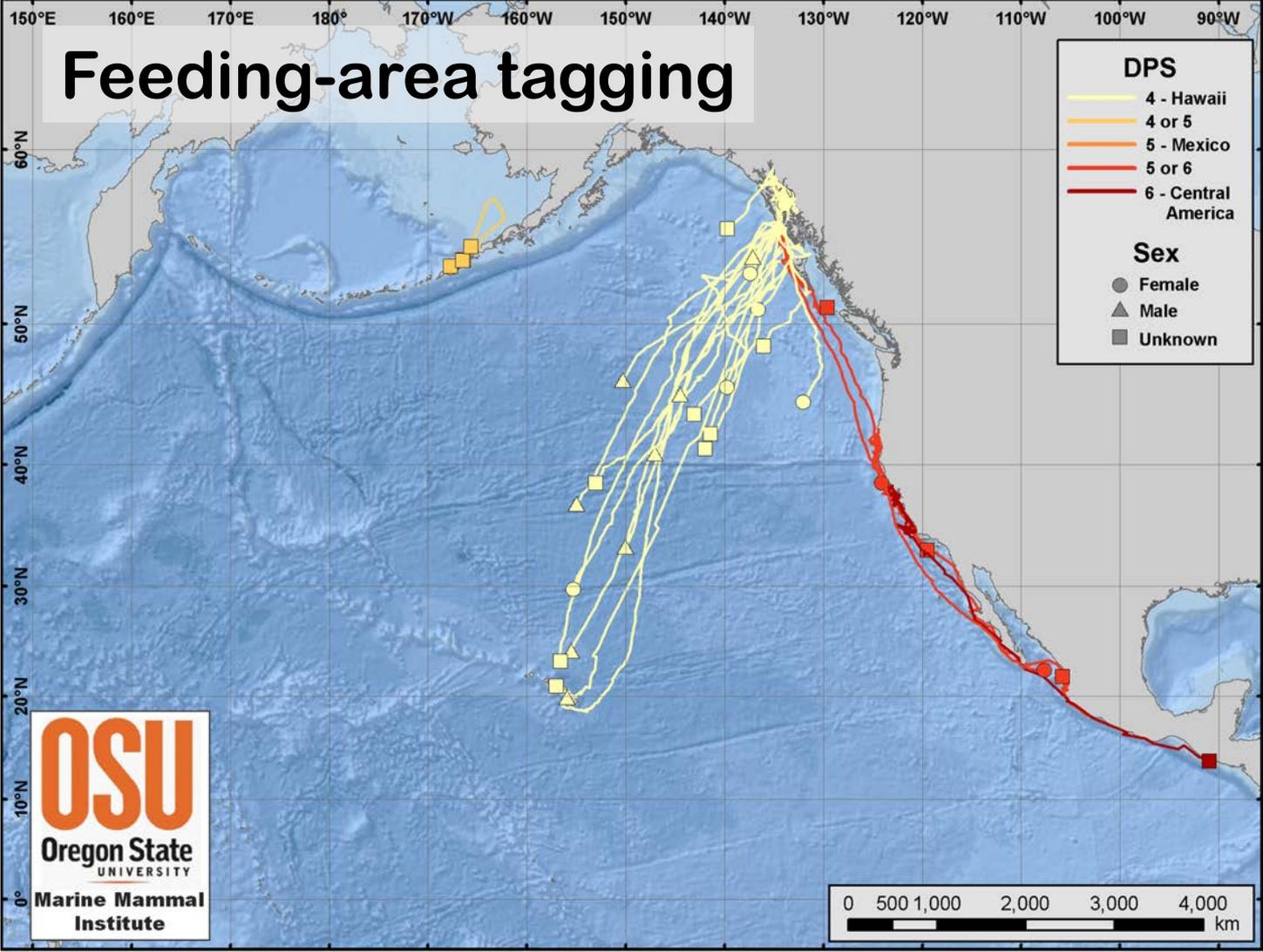
- Departures: 23 tags
- Mean residency*: 30 days
- Range = 4-141 days



4. Connectivity (ESA)



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4. Connectivity (IWC)

IWC's First Workshop on the Comprehensive Assessment of North Pacific Humpback Whales, Seattle, USA, 19-21 April 2017 (IWC, 2017)

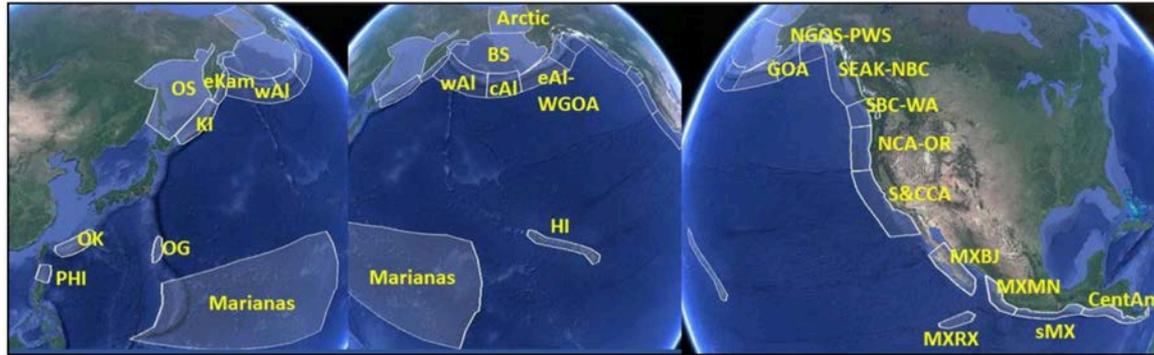


Fig. 1. Geographic areas used to describe stock structure hypotheses (see Table 1)

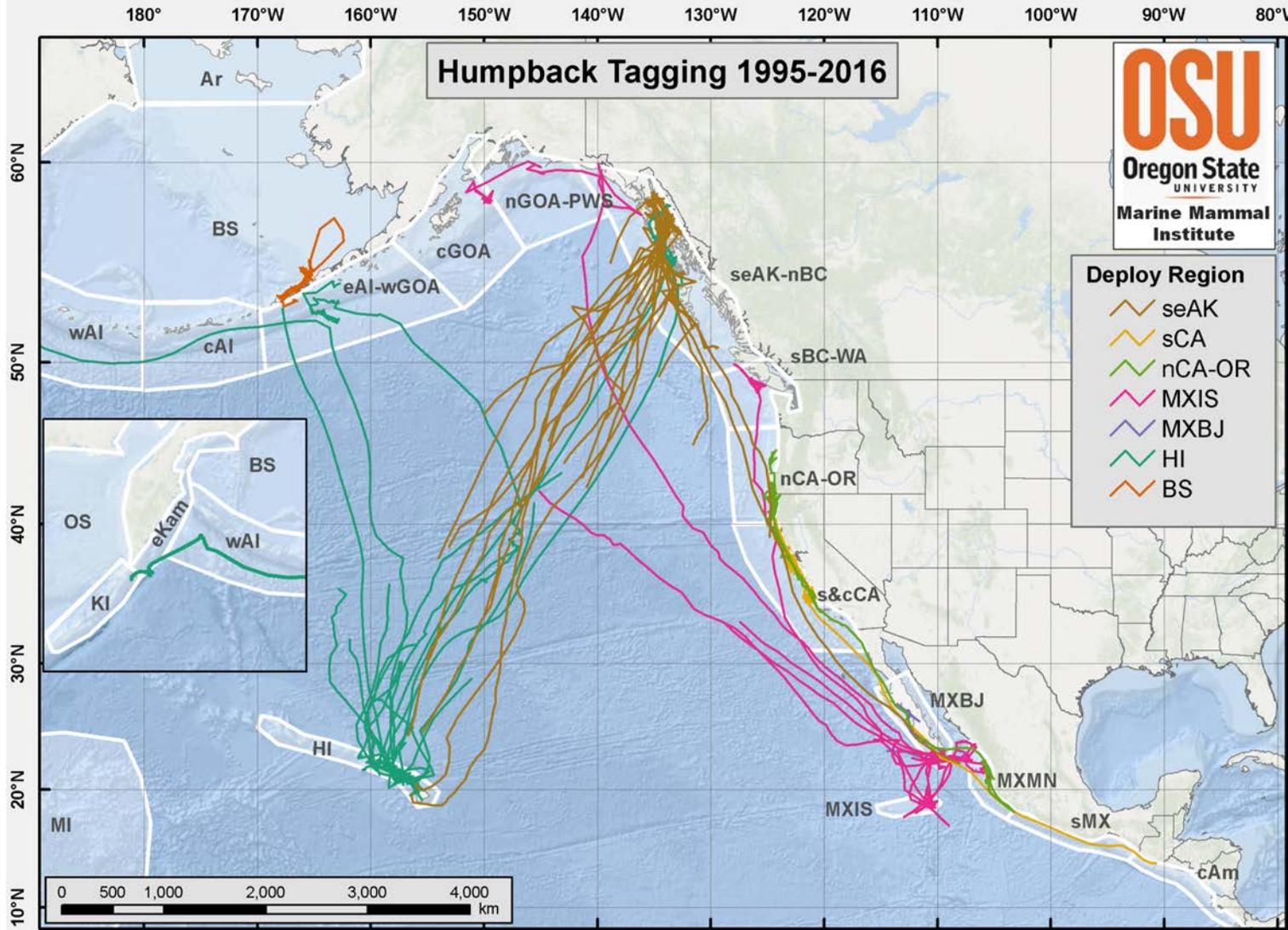
Table 3

Summary of consideration of links between areas used to describe feeding grounds (Y=separate feeding ground on its own).

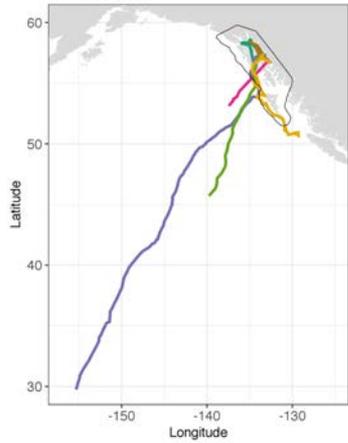
For areas see Table 1 and Fig.1

Area	Links with			
KI	Y	With eKam	With wAI	
OS	With KI			
eKam	With KI			
wAI	With BS, cAI and eAI	With BS and cAI		
cAI	With BS, wAI and eAI	With BS and wAI	With BS and eAI	
eAI	With BS, cAI and eAI	With BS and eAI		
Ar	With BS			
BS	With A	With wAI, cAI and eAI	With wAI and cAI	With cAI and eAI
wGOA	With aAI and cGOA	With nGOA, eAI, cGOA		
cGOA	With aAI and wGOA	With nGOA, eAI, wGOA		
nGOA-PWS	With nGOA-PWS			
seAK-nBC	T			
sBC-WA	With nCA-OR			
nCA-OR	With s&cCA	With sBC-WA		
c&cCA	Y	T		

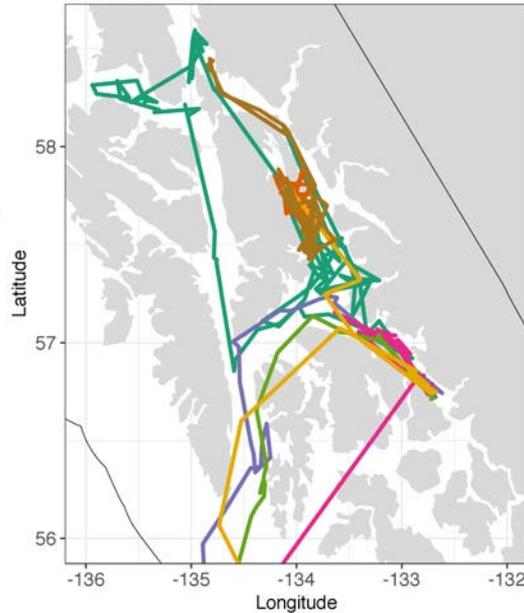
4. Connectivity (IWC)



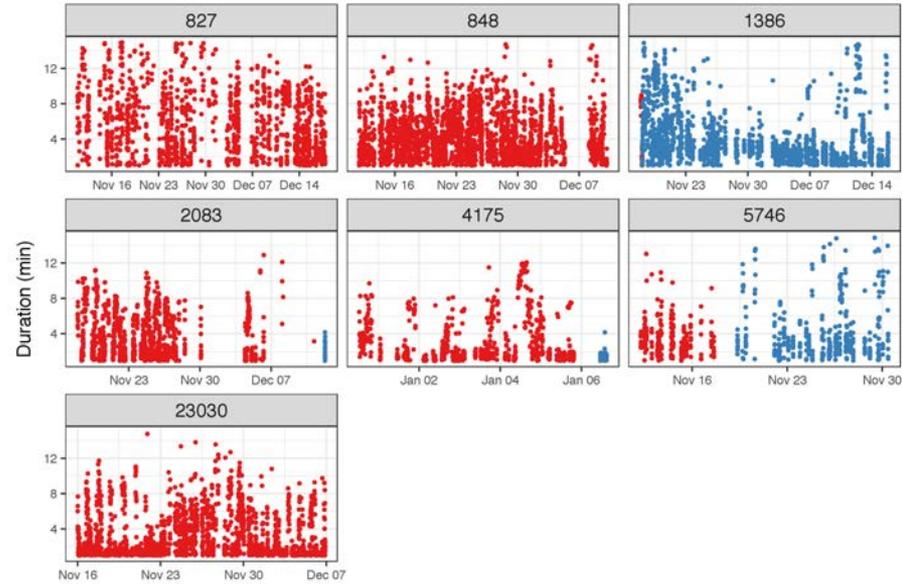
5. Future Work: Behavior Monitoring Tags



2015 dive-duration tag deployments
Telonics RDW-640



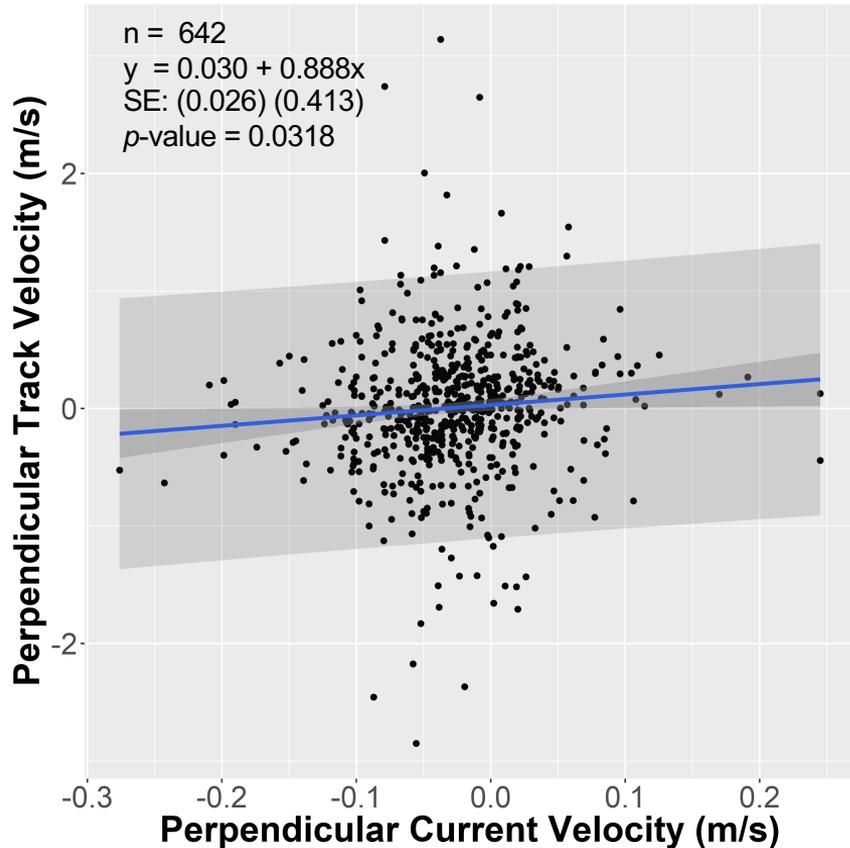
- PTT
- 827
 - 848
 - 1386
 - 2083
 - 4175
 - 5746
 - 23030



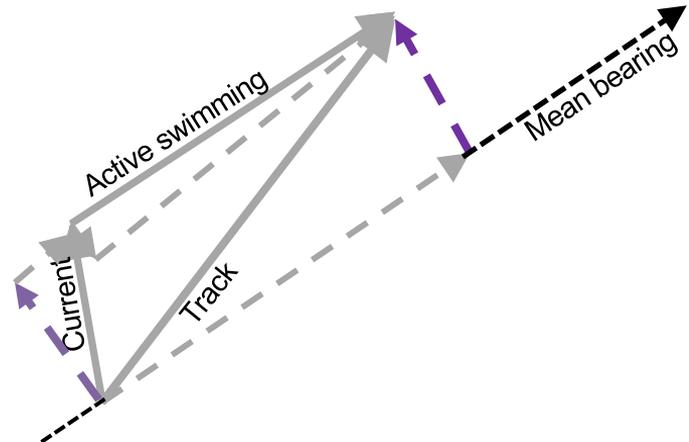
- Date
- Buffer
 - SEAK
 - Outside

5. Future Work: Orientation in Flows

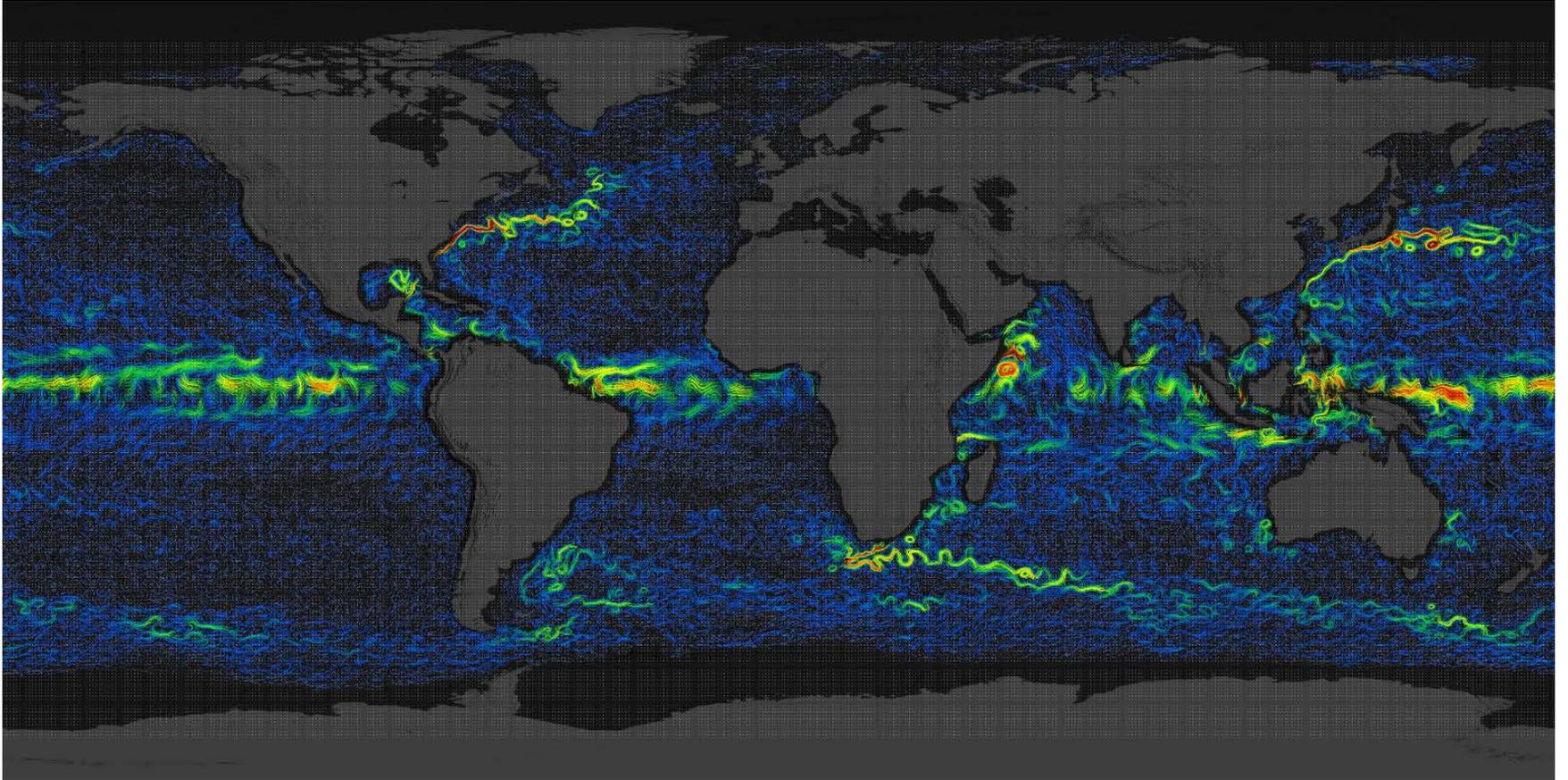
Is there evidence of ocean current drift?



- Fit a linear model using generalized least squares for perpendicular track velocity as a function of perpendicular current velocity
- Found a statistically significant correlation between perpendicular current velocity and perpendicular track velocity
- This is evidence that humpbacks are drifting due to the ocean's currents



5. Future Work: Orientation in Flows



Acknowledgments

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