

U.S. Navy Marine Species Monitoring Program

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www.navymarinespeciesmonitoring.us

Tagging and Tracking North Atlantic Right Whales in the Southeast U.S.

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2015 Atlantic Marine Species – NAVFAC Technical Review Meeting
30 March 2015

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Duke & Syracuse Universities
February-March 2015



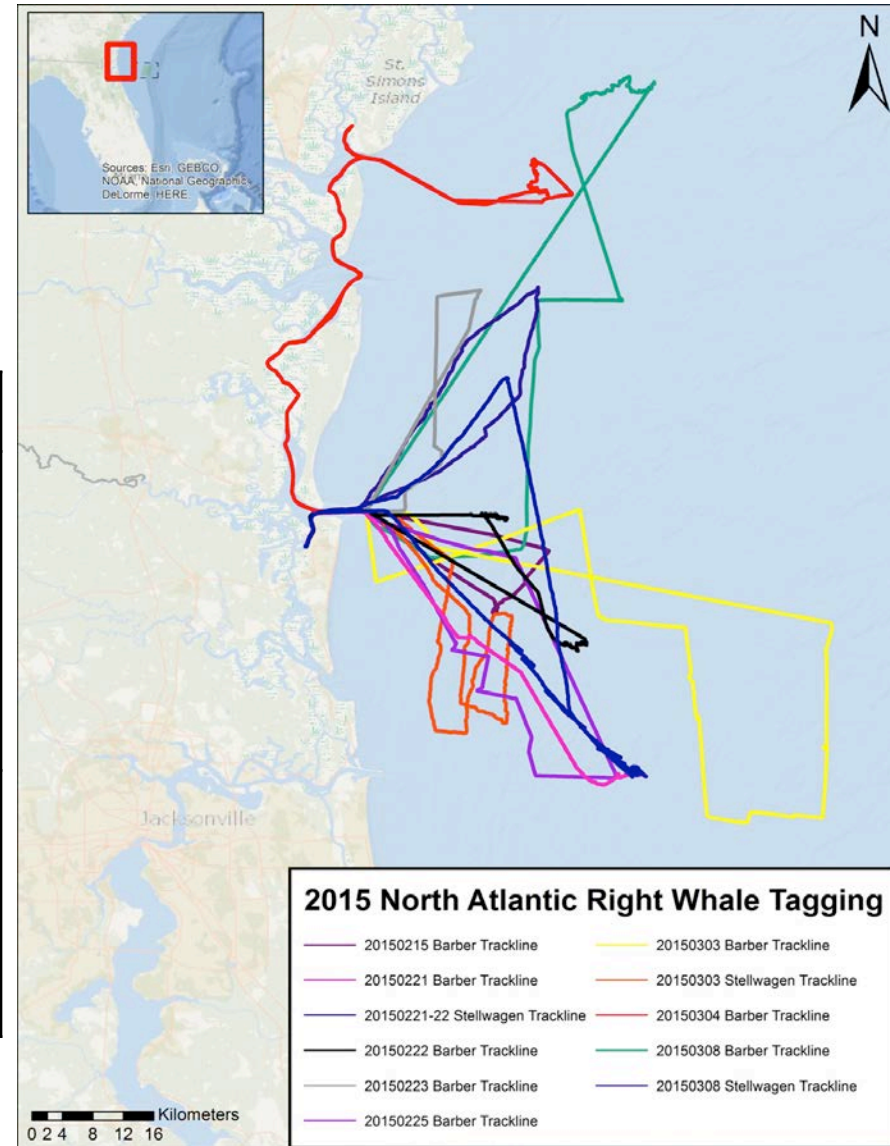
Goals for 2015

- Tag whales offshore near USWTR range
 - Coordinate with UNCW aerial surveys ✓
- Tag additional nursing females ✓
- Attach tags for 24 hours ✓



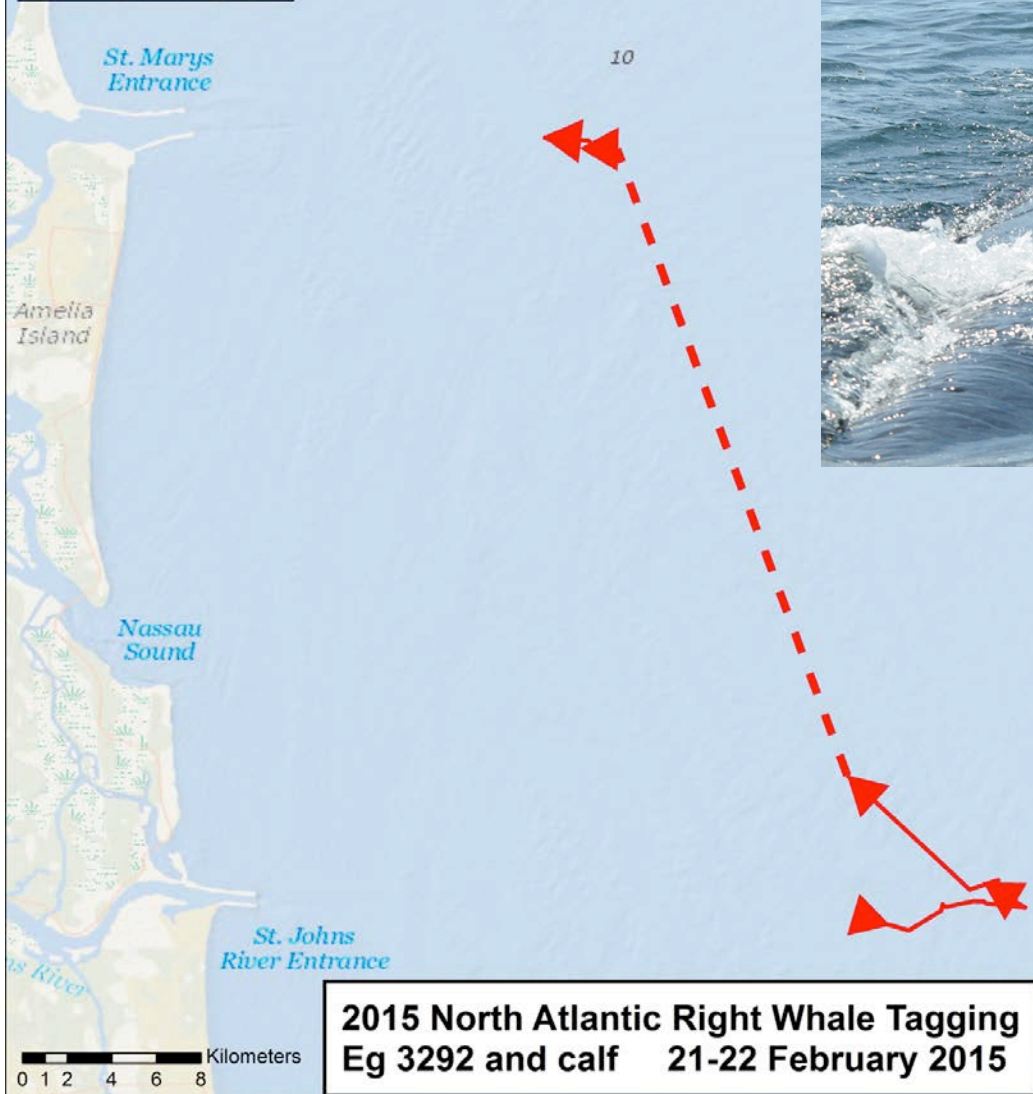
2015 effort

Date	Sea State	Survey Time (hrs:min)	At Sea Time	Platform
16/Feb/15	3	3:08	3:46	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
21/Feb/15	2	6:45	8:47	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
21/Feb/15	2	14:42	16:55	R/V <i>Stellwagen</i>
22/Feb/15	2-4	7:32	9:14	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
23/Feb/15	2-3	2:28	4:12	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
25/Feb/15	2-3	6:11	7:11	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
3/Mar/15	0-2	6:19	9:04	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
3/Mar/15	0-2	8:13	9:48	R/V <i>Stellwagen</i>
4/Mar/15	4	3:58	8:45	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
8/Mar/15	2-3	8:32	10:36	R/V <i>R.T. Barber</i>
8/Mar/15	2	5:33	7:43	R/V <i>Stellwagen</i>



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Eg3292
21-22 Feb

Tagging operations – 2015

- 2015 batting average .250 (1 for 4)
 - (Slugging percentage 1.000!)



Burleigh Grimes – Ol' Stubblebeard (.251)

- Career BA for the Southeast...
 - .667!!!



Ty Cobb – The Georgia Peach (.366)



Dive statistics

Date	Tag ID	Dive record duration	Demographic	Number of dives per hour of tag data	Dive duration (s)	Mean Time at Surface between dives	Mean maximum Dive Depth
24-Jan-06	Eg06_024a	1:54:40	Juvenile male	13.60	158.64	55.05	7.13
24-Jan-06	Eg06_024b	0:36:42	Unknown	21.25	70.57	62.46	7.39
24-Jan-06	Eg06_024e	0:54:06	Juvenile female	6.65	226.97	71.43	14.74
28-Jan-06	Eg06_028a	18:30:00	Adult female	10.77	201.08	137.02	8.49
9-Feb-14	Eg14_040a	1:33:27	Nursing female	8.99	213.65	143.04	9.51
10-Feb-14	Eg14_041a	5:30:01	Nursing female	15.82	49.06	157.70	5.07
16-Feb-14	Eg14_047a	3:36:00	Juvenile male	11.67	166.21	120.80	10.68
18-Feb-14	Eg14_049a	11:36:27	Nursing female	11.98	140.09	154.35	6.02
25-Feb-14	Eg14_056a	5:34:18	Nursing female	13.10	129.72	138.26	5.49
21-Feb-15	Eg15_052a	23:20	Nursing female				

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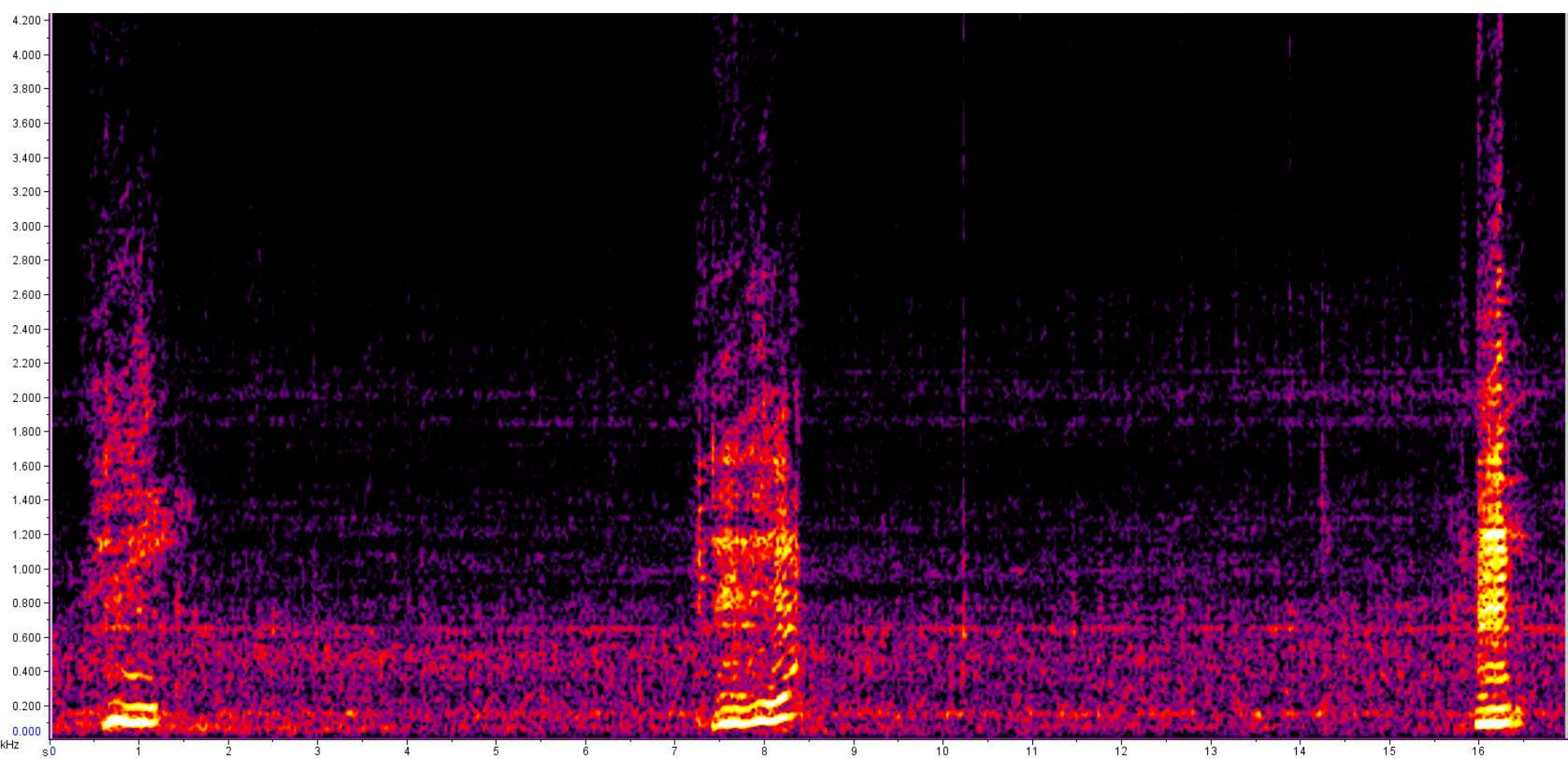


Acoustic data from tags

Date	Tag ID	Acoustic record duration	Demographic	Right whale calls detected (all SNR including calls from other whales)	Estimated calls per hour of tag recording
21-Jan-06	Eg06_021a	1:21:07	Juvenile male	51	37.8
24-Jan-06	Eg06_024a	1:54:40	Juvenile male	267	140.5
24-Jan-06	Eg06_024b	0:36:42	Unknown	18	30
24-Jan-06	Eg06_024c	0:23:36	Unknown	102	266.1
24-Jan-06	Eg06_024e	0:54:06	Juvenile female	98	108.9
28-Jan-06	Eg06_028a	18:30:00	Adult female	8	0.43
9-Feb-14	Eg14_040a	1:33:27	Nursing female	36	24
10-Feb-14	Eg14_041a	5:30:01	Nursing female	108	19.6
16-Feb-14	Eg14_047a	3:36:00	Juvenile male	0	0
18-Feb-14	Eg14_049a	11:36:27	Nursing female	7	0.6
25-Feb-14	Eg14_056a	5:34:18	Nursing female	8	1.4
21-22 Feb-15	Eg15_52a	23:20	Nursing female	?	?

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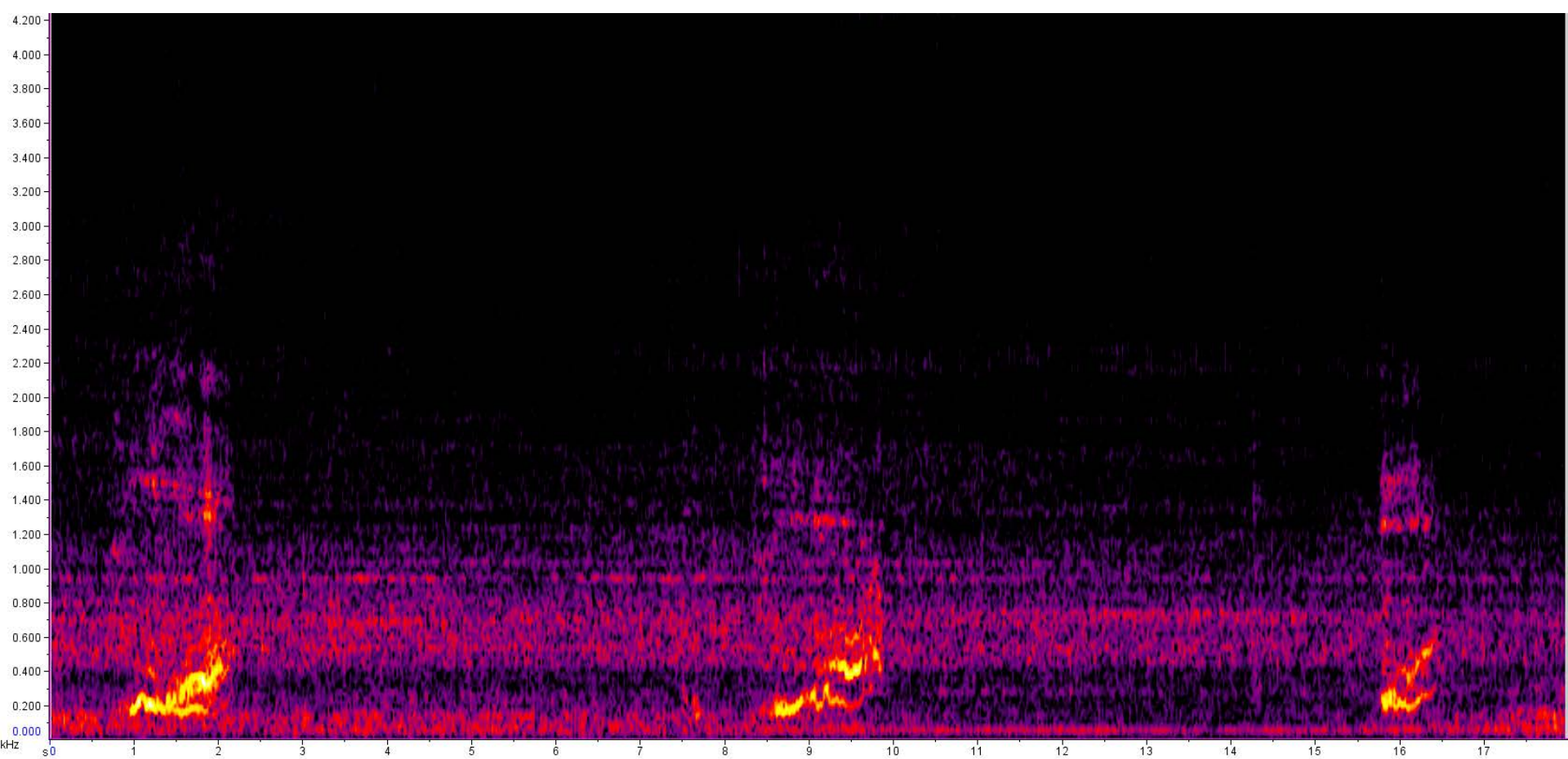


Mom's call



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Calf's call



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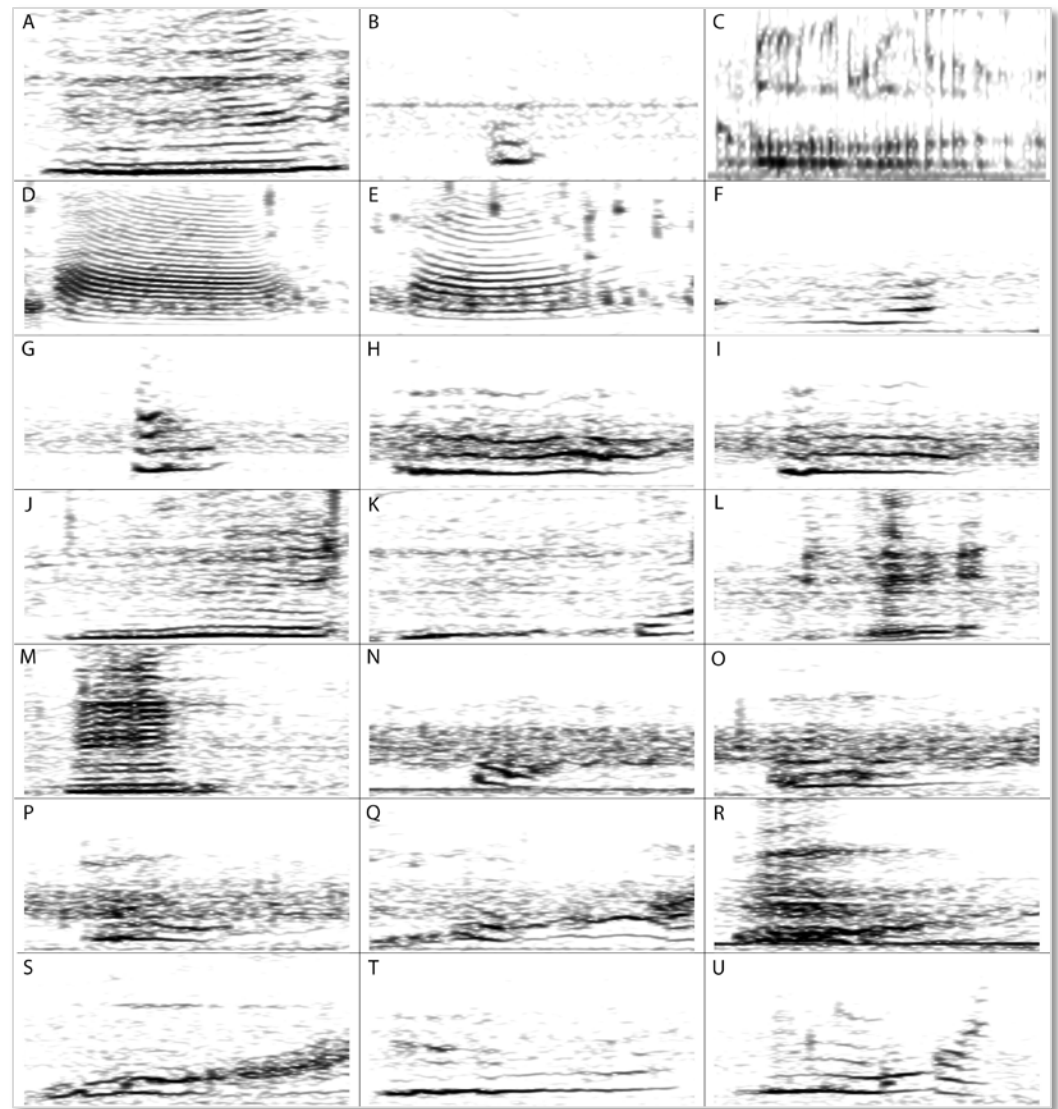
Mom-calf counter calling

- Neonates maintain close proximity to mother
- Within weeks to months, calves begin to separate
 - Maintenance of vocal contact is critical



Spectrograms of high SNR calls showing the call types found in the acoustic tag records. (A) upcall, (B) grunt, (C) growl, (D-M) variable tonal calls, (N-U) variable tonal calls presumed to be from a calf.

0-2 kHz



1.2 sec

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Availability of whales 2007-2015

Calving Season	Number of aerial survey whale sighting events	Number of whales sighted (includes duplicates)	Number of calves	Number of individual whales sighted
2007	419	918	23	112
2008	617	1410	23	153
2009	848	1853	39	198
2010	523	1240	19	216
2011	265	610	22	142
2012	130	339	7	68
2013	184	355	20	41
2014	141	275	11	42
2015	75	149	17	30

Thanks to K. Jackson and FFWCC!

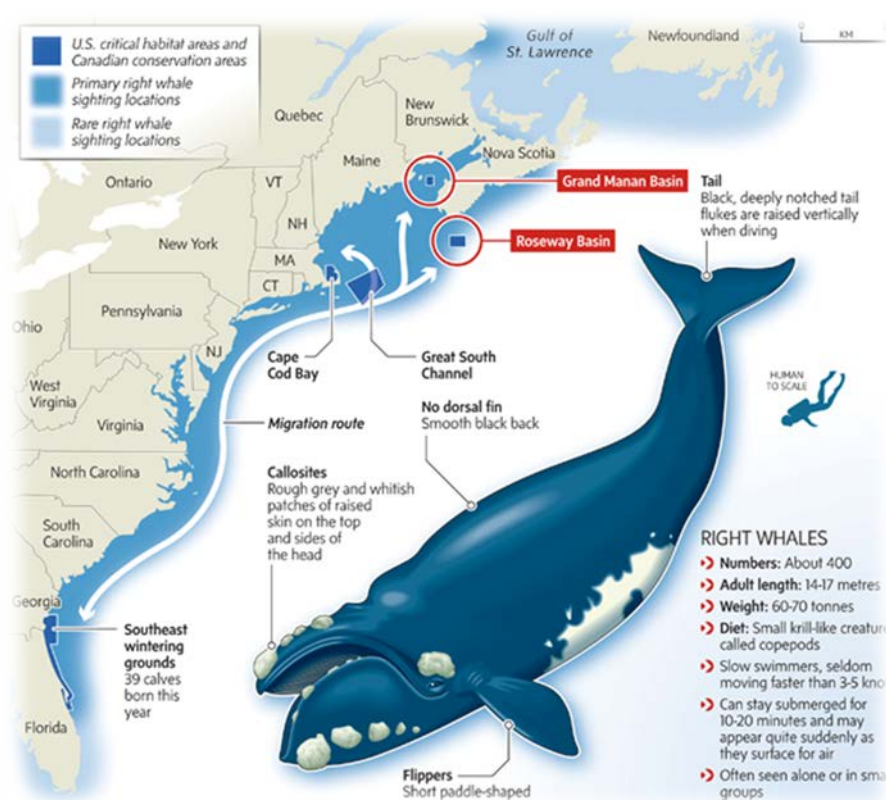
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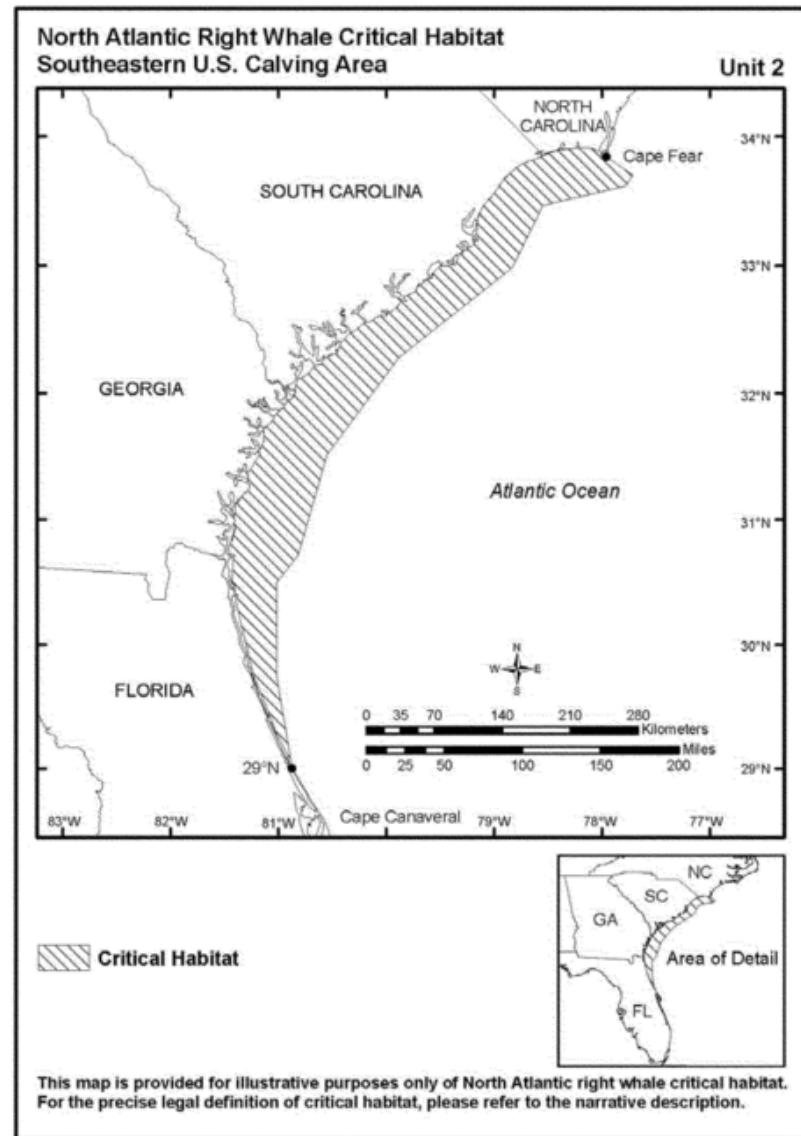
Lessons learned other results

- Number of whales in the Southeast has declined in recent years
- Still a critical area for calving...





Right whale critical habitat



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Lessons learned other results

- Number of whales in the Southeast has declined in recent years
- Still a critical area for calving females
- Coordination with offshore aerial survey was effective
- Energetic analyses
 - Eg4057, entangled whale tagged in 2014
 - Fluid dynamics modeling to obtain explicit energetic costs of locomotion (collaboration with L. Howle)
- Data from all tags being used in Mother-Calf project @ Syracuse and NOAA



Classification of right whale signals

CLASSIFICATION OF WHALE VOCALIZATIONS USING THE WEYL TRANSFORM

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Fig. 2: Examples of humpback whale signals

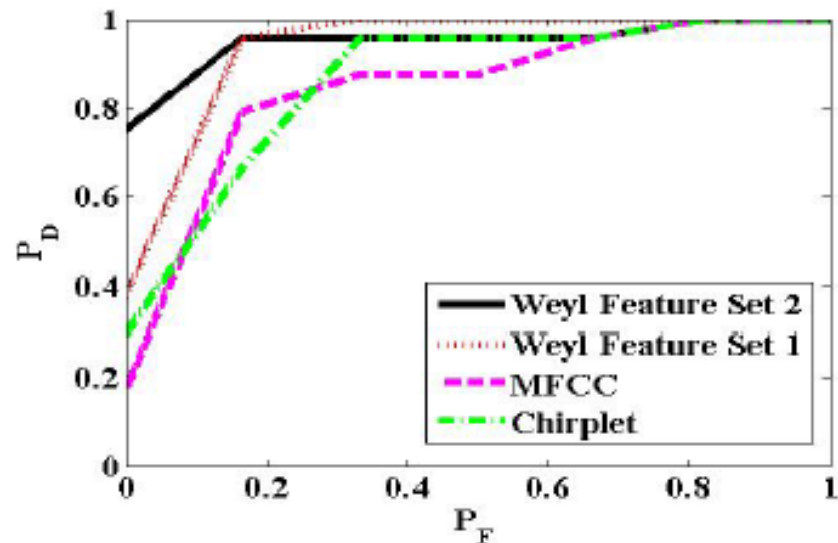


Fig. 4: The ROC of classifying whales using signal representation methods



Onwards...

- Run tag recorded signals thru propagation models of JAX area to investigate potential detection ranges
- Analyze time spent below the surface
 - Important for sound propagation to/from USWTR
- Vocal activity and age of calf, i.e., more cue rate information
- 2015-16 tagging during good weather and whale windows
- Collaborate with NOAA-led efforts on satellite tagging project, i.e., possibility of double-tagging
- Incorporate glues and microtexture to increase suction cup attachment times (NOPP)
- Gliders and/or tagging for right whales in the US mid and south Atlantic regions
- Response of right whales to sounds (other than alarms!)



Acknowledgements

- Duke, Syracuse, and Stellwagen crews
 - Swaim, Foley, Waples, Capt'n Wilson, Cusano, Loer
- FFWCC, NOAA, GA-DNR, and S2S Alliance
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 - Pabst, McLellan and gang
- HDR
- NAVFAC

