Analyses:

Assessing habitat use relative to behavior and resource characteristics/availability

for five common marine mammal species in the Southern California Bight

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What is an RSF (Resource Selection Function)?

Manly et al. 1993, 2002

- 1. Animals make choices re: resources
- 2. Resources **used disproportionately** to availability

Models choice using quantifiable habitat characteristics

Habitat use & impacts

fish, birds, mammals, polar bears

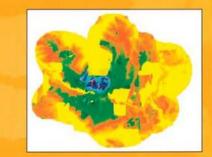
- oil / gas exploration
- global warming

Resource Selection by Animals

Statistical Design and Analysis for Field Studies

Second Edition

Bryan F.J. Manly, Lyman L. McDonald, Dana L. Thomas, Trent L. McDonald and Wallace P. Erickson



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How do RSFs differ from density mapping?

Density mapping estimates the *used* distribution only Not what's *available*.

Ignoring availability can bias estimates of preference - especially rare habitats



Questions & Goals

Do marine mammals in U.S. Navy SOCAL Range Complex

- * prefer certain habitat?
- * behave differently in different habitats?

GOAL:

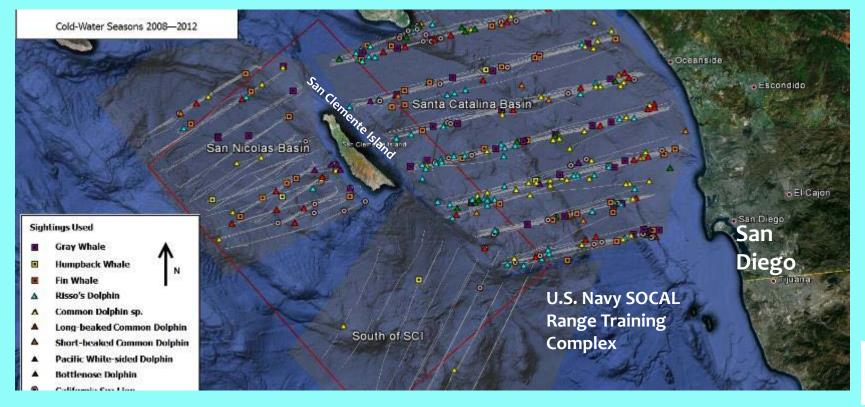
- 1. Establish "baseline"
 - * future changes?
 - * anthropogenic activities?



Approach

- * 127 flights 2008-2012
- * Systematic line-transect
- * "First-observed" behavior state
 - * **SLOW** = rest, mill, slow travel, social, feed
 - * **FAST** = medium or fast travel







Statistics

- Standard logistic regression
- * AIC ranking 127 models
- * Randomly Selected 35,167 points

* 7 habitat variables

- 1. Depth
- 2. Distance to shore
- 3. Slope
- 4. "Northness"
- 5. "Eastness"
- 6. Latitude
- 7. Longitude



5 Common Species

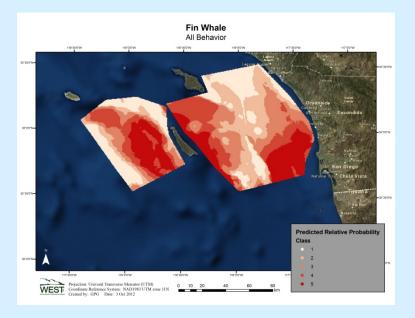
	# Sightings
California sea lion	157
Risso's dolphin	135
Fin whale	60
Gray whale	40
Bottlenose dolphin	31



Fin Whale





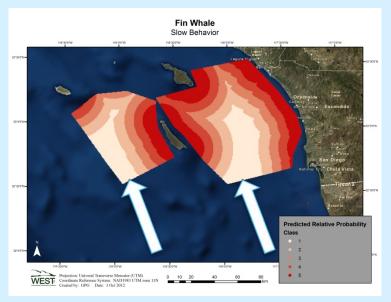


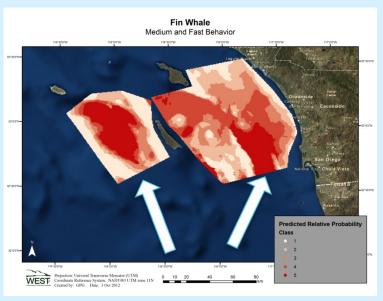


M. Smultea/NMFS permit 14451

FAST

SLOW

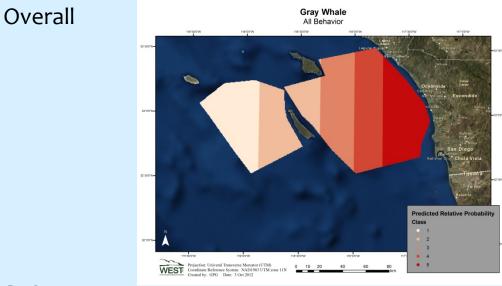




Gray whale



FAST





B. Würsig/NMFS permit 14451

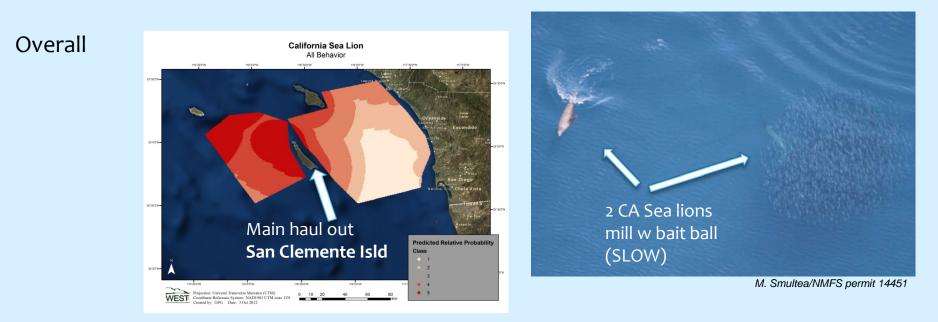
SLOW



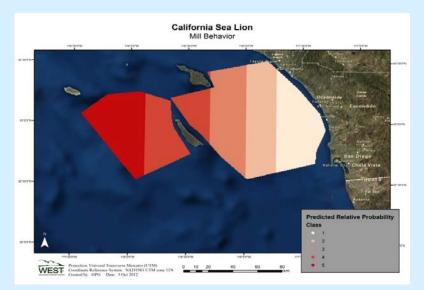


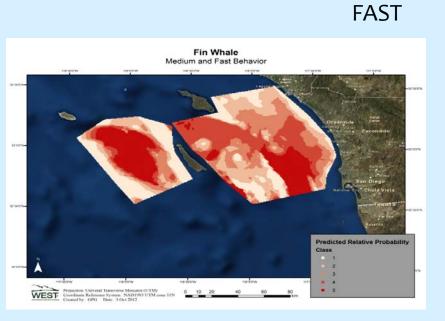
California sea lion





SLOW

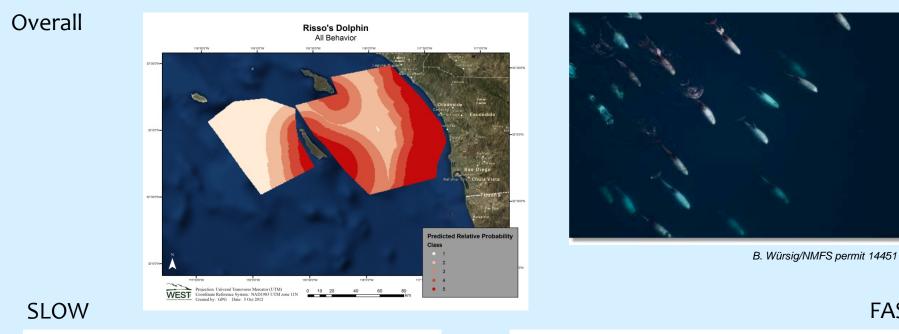




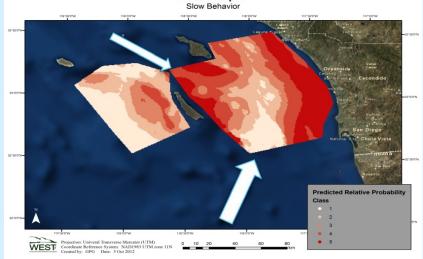
Risso's dolphin

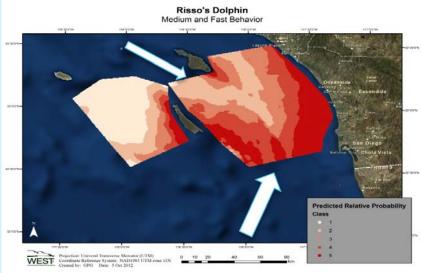


FAST

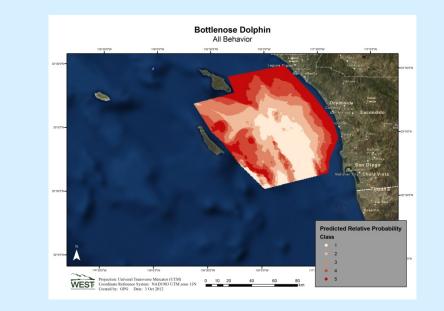


Risso's Dolphin





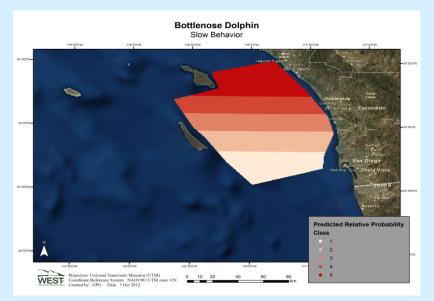
Bottlenose dolphin

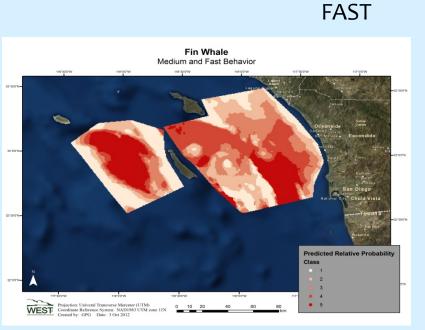




SLOW

Overall





Conclusions

Fin whale & CA sea lion –

SLOW steep slope FAST flat basin

Gray whale -- FAST island edges & coastline

Risso's – SLOW nearshore slope, FAST offshore slope

Bottlenose – SLOW Santa Catalina Isld, FAST flat basin



Take Home Message

Habitat use related to behavior

Selection related to function * (how it's used)



Questions?





